

YOURS – Youth for Road Safety

ANTI BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION POLICY Adopted December 2015

1. POLICY STATEMENT

- 1.1 We take a zero tolerance approach to bribery and corruption and will uphold all laws relevant to countering bribery and corruption in all the jurisdictions in which we operate. We welcome the international community's efforts to stamp out bribery and corruption and support the implementation of the United Nations Anti-Corruption Convention. We encourage our partners and associates to apply all applicable anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws.
- 1.2 The purpose of this policy is to:
 - 1.1.1 set out our responsibilities in observing and upholding our policy on bribery and corruption; and
 - 1.1.2 provide information and guidance to our partners and associates on how to recognise and deal with bribery and corruption issues.

2. WHO IS COVERED BY THE POLICY?

- 2.1 This policy applies directly to our **Supervisory Board** and the **Board of Directors** and to all individuals working within **YOURS – Youth for Road Safety** as employees or agents. The policy is provided to our other partners and associates, who will be required to take reasonable steps to ensure that in carrying out activities economically or non-economically supported by **YOURS – Youth for Road Safety** they and their employees, directors and associates comply, with all applicable anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws.
- 2.2 In this policy, "third party" means any individual or organisation you come into contact with during the course of your role.

3. WHAT IS BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION?

- 3.1 A bribe is an inducement or reward offered, promised or provided in order to gain any commercial, contractual, regulatory or personal advantage by the receiver.
- 3.2 Corruption is the misuse of public office or power for private gain or the misuse of private power in relation to business outside the realm of government
- 3.3 Acts of bribery or corruption are intended to influence an individual in the performance of their work to act dishonestly and/or improperly. The person being bribed is usually someone who can obtain, retain or direct business for example during a tender or contracting process or it may be through the handling of administrative tasks or customs matters.

- 3.4 A bribe can take many forms, for example, a direct or indirect promise or offer of something of value, the offer or receipt of a kickback, fee, reward or other advantage, the giving of aid, donations or voting designed to exert improper influence. **This is in no means taxative.**
- 3.5 Those engaged in bribery and corruption can include an employee, officer, trustee or director, any person acting on behalf of **YOURS – Youth for Road Safety** i.e. individuals or organizations who authorize someone else to carry out these acts, Government or public officials whether foreign or domestic.

4. GIFTS AND HOSPITALITY

- 4.1** This policy does not prohibit gifts, entertainment, hospitality or other promotional expenditures (given and received) to or from third parties which are proportionate, transparent, reasonable and for bona fide purposes related to the aims and objectives of **YOURS - Youth for Road Safety**.
- 4.2 The giving or receipt of gifts is not prohibited if all of the following requirements are met:
- 4.2.1 it is not made with the intention of influencing a third party to obtain or retain business or a business advantage, or to reward the provision or retention of business or a business advantage, or in explicit or implicit exchange for favours or benefits;
- 4.2.2 it is not to alter the behavior of the receiver, to the benefit/interest of the giver
- 4.2.3 it complies with local law;
- 4.2.4 it is given in our name, not in your name;
- 4.2.5 it does not include cash or a cash equivalent (such as gift certificates or vouchers);
- 4.2.6 it is appropriate in the circumstances. For example, it is given as a ceremonial gift on a festival or at another special time (e.g. Christmas);
- 4.2.7 taking into account the reason for the gift, it is of an appropriate type and value and given at an appropriate time;
- 4.2.8 it is given openly, not secretly; and
- 4.2.9 gifts should not be offered to, or accepted from, government officials or representatives, or politicians or political parties, without the prior approval of the **Executive Director or the Chairman of the Supervisory Board**.
- 4.3 We appreciate that the practice of giving business gifts varies between countries and regions and what may be normal and acceptable in one region may not be in another. The test to be applied is whether in all the circumstances the gift or hospitality is reasonable and justifiable. The intention behind the gift should always be considered.

- 4.3.1 Gifts to a value of more than **\$100 USD** (or of comparable value in a different country)¹ should not be given or offered (to or from a single source on a single occasion) unless they have the written approval of the **Executive Director or the Chairman of the Supervisory Board**.
- 4.4 All gifts and hospitality to a value of more than **\$100 USD** (or of comparable value in a different country) accepted or offered by any employee or trustee should be entered on the register of gifts.
- 4.5 Any approval required by the above policies relating to the **Executive Director** must be provided by the **Chairman of the Supervisory Board** and vice versa.

5. WHAT IS NOT ACCEPTABLE?

- 5.1 It is not acceptable for you (or someone on your behalf) to:
 - 5.1.1 give, promise to give, or offer, a payment, gift or hospitality with the expectation or hope or that this will influence the decision-making of **YOURS – Youth for Road Safety**.
or that a business advantage will be received, or to reward a business advantage already given;
or
 - 5.1.2 give, promise to give, or offer, a payment, gift or hospitality to a government official, agent or representative to "facilitate" or expedite a routine procedure; or
 - 5.1.3 accept payment from a third party that you know or suspect is offered with the expectation that **YOURS – Youth for Road Safety** decision making will be influenced in any way and that it will obtain a business advantage for them; or
 - 5.1.4 accept a gift or hospitality from a third party if you know or suspect that it is offered or provided with an expectation that **YOURS – Youth for Road Safety** decision making will be influenced in any way and that a business advantage will be provided by us in return; or
 - 5.1.5 threaten or retaliate against another worker who has refused to commit a bribery offence or who has raised concerns under this policy; or
 - 5.1.6 engage in any activity that might lead to a breach of this policy.

6. FACILITATION PAYMENTS

- 6.1 We do not make, and will not accept, facilitation payments or "kickbacks" of any kind. Facilitation payments are typically small, unofficial payments made to secure or expedite a routine government action by a government official (e.g. processing a visa, customs invoice or other governmental paper).

¹ In deciding whether a gift is of comparable value, the relevant employee or Board Member should consider all surrounding circumstances including, but not limited to, the average income in the location where the recipient of the gift is based.

- 6.1.1 If you are asked to make a payment on our behalf, you should always be mindful of what the payment is for and whether the amount requested is proportionate to the goods or services provided. You should always ask for a receipt which details the reason for the payment. If you have any suspicions, concerns or queries regarding a payment, you should raise these with the **Executive Director or the Chairman of the Supervisory Board**.
- 6.2 If such a payment is extorted or forced under duress or because of a threat to personal safety then the payment may be made provided that either the **Executive Director or the Chairman of the Supervisory Board** is promptly informed, a written report submitted, and the payment recorded in **YOURS - Youth for Road Safety** financial records.
- 6.3 Kickbacks are typically payments made in return for a business favour or advantage. All our partners, grant recipients and associates must avoid any activity that might lead to, or suggest, that a facilitation payment or kickback will be made or accepted by us.

7. YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES

- 7.1 You must ensure that you read, understand and comply with this policy.
- 7.2 The prevention, detection and reporting of bribery and other forms of corruption are the responsibility of all those working (staff of volunteers) for **YOURS – Youth for Road Safety**. You are required to avoid any activity that might lead to, or suggest, a breach of this policy.
 - 7.2.1 You must notify the **Executive Director or the Chairman of the Supervisory Board** as soon as possible if you believe or suspect that a conflict with this policy has occurred, or may occur in the future. For example, if a partner, associate or potential partner, associate offers you something to gain an advantage with us, or indicates to you that a gift or payment is required to secure their co-operation with **YOURS – Youth for Road Safety** supported activities.
- 7.3 Any employee who breaches this policy will face disciplinary action, which could result in dismissal for gross misconduct. We reserve our right to terminate our contractual relationship with our partners and associates if they breach this policy.

8. RECORD-KEEPING

- 8.1 We must keep financial records and have appropriate internal controls in place which will evidence the business reason for making payments to third parties.
- 8.2 You must declare and keep a written record of all hospitality or gifts to a value of more than **\$100 USD** (or of comparable value in a different country) accepted or offered on the gifts register, which will be subject to managerial review.
- 8.3 You must ensure all expenses claims relating to hospitality, gifts or expenses incurred to third parties are submitted in accordance with our expenses policy and specifically record the reason for the expenditure.

8.4 All accounts, invoices, memoranda and other documents and records relating to dealings with third parties, such as clients, suppliers and business contacts, should be prepared and maintained with strict accuracy and completeness. No accounts must be kept "off-book" to facilitate or conceal improper payments.

9. HOW TO RAISE A CONCERN

9.1.1 You are encouraged to raise concerns about any issue or suspicion of malpractice at the earliest possible stage. If you are unsure whether a particular act constitutes bribery or corruption, or if you have any other concerns, these should be raised with the **Executive Director or the Chairman of the Supervisory Board**.

10. PROTECTION

10.1 Employees who refuse to accept or offer a bribe, or those who raise concerns or report another's wrongdoing, are sometimes worried about possible repercussions. We aim to encourage openness and will support anyone who raises genuine concerns in good faith under this policy, even if they turn out to be mistaken.

10.2 We are committed to ensuring no one suffers any detrimental treatment as a result of refusing to take part in bribery or corruption, or because of reporting in good faith their suspicion that an actual or potential bribery or other corruption offence has taken place, or may take place in the future. Detrimental treatment includes dismissal, disciplinary action, threats or other unfavourable treatment connected with raising a concern. If you believe that you have suffered any such treatment, you should inform the **Executive Director or the Chairman of the Supervisory Board** immediately.

11. COMMUNICATION

11.1 Our zero-tolerance approach to bribery and corruption will be communicated to all partners, grant recipients, associates, suppliers, and contractors at the outset of our relationship with them and as appropriate thereafter.

12. WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE POLICY?

12.1 The **Board of Directors** and the **Supervisory Board** has overall responsibility for ensuring this policy complies with our legal and ethical obligations, and that all those under our control comply with it.

12.2 The **Executive Director** has primary and day-to-day responsibility for implementing this policy and for monitoring its use and effectiveness and dealing with any queries on its interpretation. Management at all levels are responsible for ensuring those reporting to them are made aware of and understand this policy and are given adequate and regular training on it.

13. RISK ASSESSMENT, MONITORING, AND REVIEW

- 13.1 As part of its annual risk assessment process the **Supervisory Board** will monitor the effectiveness and review the implementation of this policy, considering its suitability, adequacy and effectiveness. Our control systems and procedures will be regularly audited to provide assurance that they are effective in countering bribery and corruption.
- 13.2 The **Supervisory Board and the Board of Directors** and any employees are responsible for the success of this policy and should ensure they use it to disclose any suspected danger or wrongdoing.
- 13.3 This policy does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and it may be amended at any time.

**Adopted by,
YOURS – Youth for Road Safety
9 December 2015**

**Wim Rogmans
Chair of the Supervisory Board**

**Floor Lieshout
Executive Director**